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## Synthesis of Some Phenylazopyridothienopyrimidines

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## SYNTHESIS OF SOME PHENYLAZOPYRIDOTHIENOPYRIMIDINES

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2-Mercapto-5-phenylazo-4,6-dimethylpyridine-3-carbonitrile (**3**) reacts with halocompounds to give S-alkylated derivatives (**4a–h**) which upon treatment with sod. ethoxide in ethanol, the thienopyridines (**5a–h**) was obtained. Compound (**5**) converted into pyridothienopyrimidines (**6a–e**) or (**7a,b**) boiling with triethyl orthoformate or acetic anhydride. Also it can be converted into pyridothienotriazine (**8a–d**) by treating with nitrous acid. Chloropyridothienopyrimidine (**10a,b**) was obtained by refluxing compound **6a** or **7a** with  $\text{POCl}_3$ .

**Key words:** Synthesis, reactions, thienopyridine, pyridothienopyrimidine, pyridothienotriazine.

### INTRODUCTION

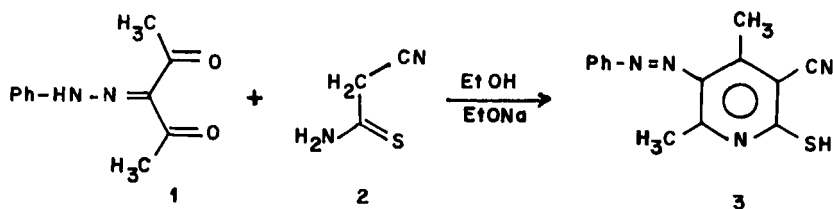
Pyrimidines have coupled a unique place and made a remarkable contribution to biological and medicinal chemistry. Various analogues of thiopurines have profound biological, antifungal, antiviral, insecticidal and miticidal.<sup>1–3</sup>

Also pyrimidines fused heterocycles are of importance in the field of medicinal chemistry thiazolopyrimidine for example have some analgesic activity and are devoid of cerebral system activity.<sup>4</sup>

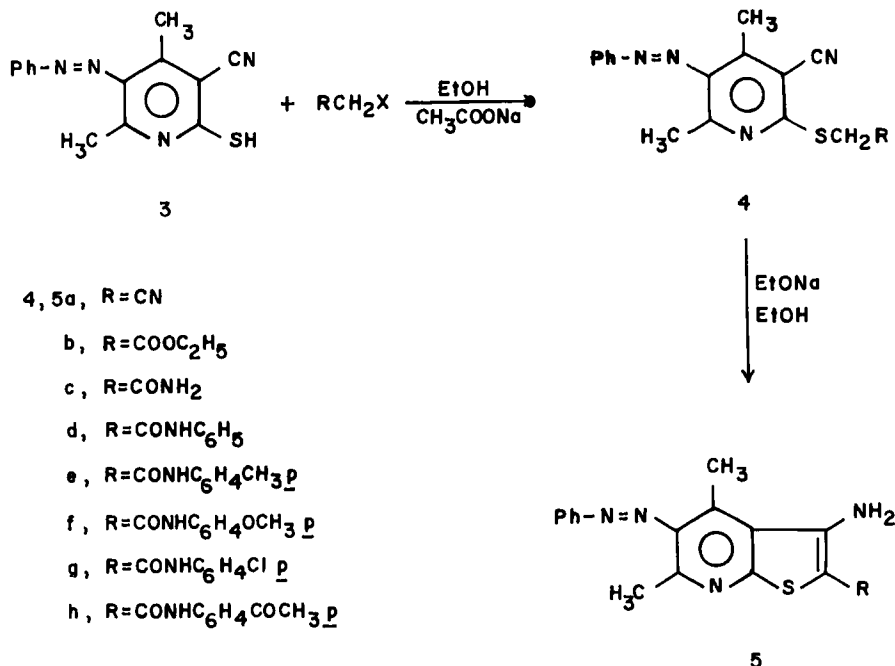
Many of the available thienopyridines have been evaluated pharmacologically and have been found to show activity against diabetes mellitus, as analgesics and antiinflammants.<sup>5–8</sup> Herein and in continuation of our work in the synthesis of thienopyridines,<sup>9–12</sup> we prepared some phenylazopyridothienopyrimidines hoping that may show biological activity.

### RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

When phenylhydrazonoacetylacetone (**1**) were reacted with cyanothioacetamide (**2**) in ethanol containing an equivalent amount of sodium ethoxide, 2-mercapto-4,6-dimethyl-5-phenylazopyridine-3-carbonitrile (**3**) was obtained.



The mercaptocompound (3), when refluxed with halocompounds like, ethyl chloroacetate, chloroacetonitrile, chloroacetamide, or N-substituted chloroacetamides in ethanol and in the presence of sodium acetate or potassium carbonate, S-alkylation occurred to produce the corresponding S-substituted derivatives (4a–h). Compound 4 undergoes cyclization into thienopyridine derivatives (5a–h) upon treatment with sodium ethoxide in ethanol.



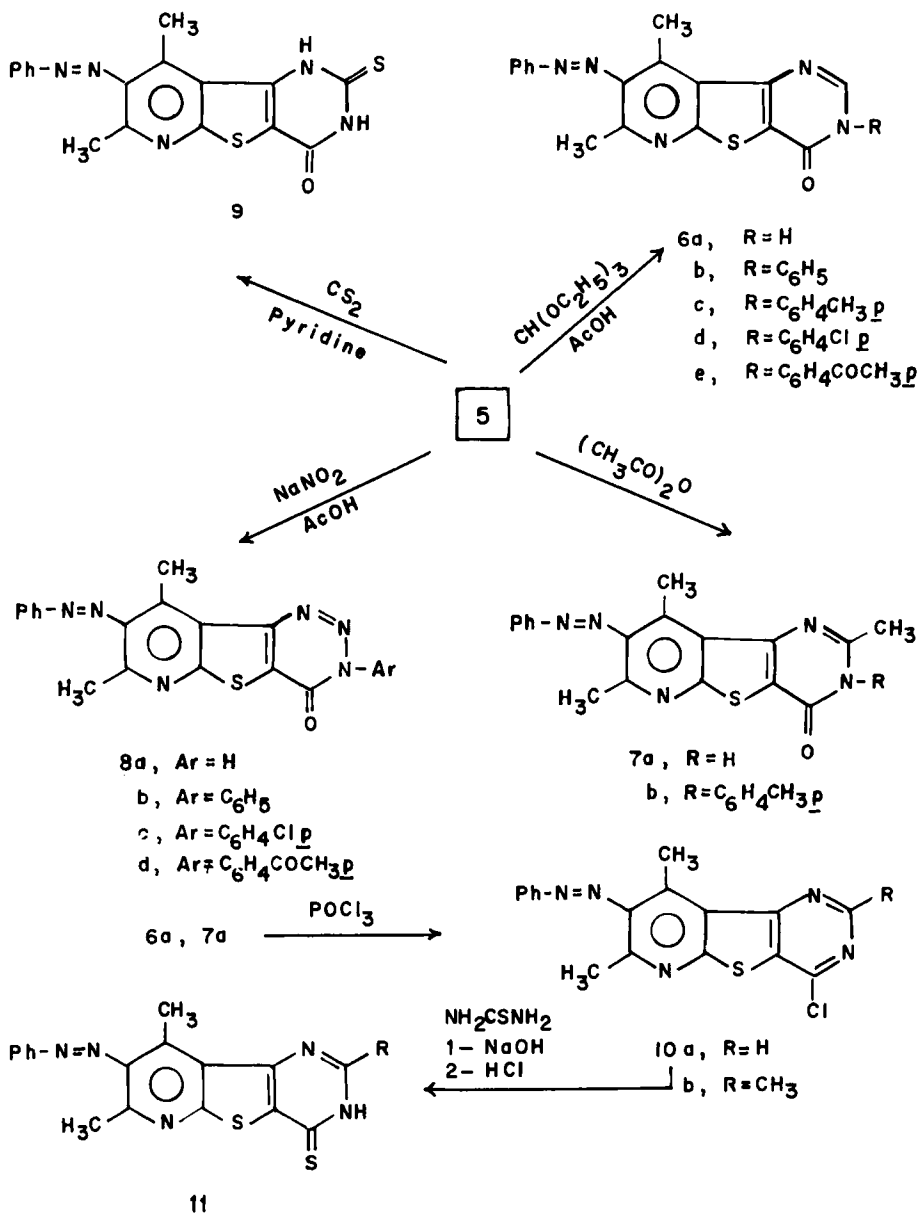
3-Amino-5-phenylazo-5,6-dimethyl thieno[2,3-b]pyridine-3-carboxamide derivatives (5e–g) when refluxed with triethyl orthoformate in ethanol in the presence of a few drops of acetic acid, 7,9-dimethyl-5-phenylazo-3-substituted pyrido-[3',2':4,5]-thieno[3,2-d]pyrimidin-4(3H)-one (6a–e) were obtained.

Also, 2,7,9-trimethyl-8-phenylazo-3-substituted pyrido-[3',2':4,5]thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-one (7a,b) resulted when compounds (5c,e) were refluxed in acetic anhydride.

When compounds (5c–h) were reacted with nitrous acid in acetic acid, 7,9-dimethyl-8-phenylazo pyrido[3',2':4,5]thieno-[2,3-d]-3-substituted triazin-4-one (8a–d) formed.

Also, 7,9-dimethyl-8-phenylazo-2-thiopyrido[3',2':4,5]-thieno[3,2-d]pyrimidin 2,4(1H, 3H)dione (9) was obtained by refluxing compound (5c) with carbon disulfide in pyridine.

When compound 6a or 7a was refluxed with POCl<sub>3</sub>, the corresponding chloroarylazopyridothenopyrimidine (10a,b) was obtained which upon treatment with thiourea and subsequent treatment with sodium hydroxide and hydrochloric acid gave arylazopyridothenopyrimidinethione (11).



## EXPERIMENTAL

Melting points are uncorrected and were determined on a Mel-Temp II melting point apparatus. IR spectra were recorded on Pye-Unicam SP 3-100 spectrophotometer using KBr Wafer technique.  $^1H$ -NMR spectra were recorded on a Varian EM-390 90 MHz NMR spectrometer in the suitable deuterated solvent, using TMS as internal standard. Elemental analysis were determined on a Perkin-Elmer 240 C microanalyser.

**2-Mercapto-4,6-dimethyl-5-phenylazopyridine-3-carbonitrile (3):** It was prepared according to a procedure reported earlier in 70% yield, m.p. 235°C. lit.<sup>13</sup> m.p. 220°C.

TABLE I  
Physical constants and analytical data of compounds (4-8)

Compound No.	R	M.P.	Yield	Molecular	Analytical data calcd./found				
		C°	%	formula	C	H	N	S	Cl
4a	CN	180	80	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>13</sub> N <sub>5</sub> S	62.54	4.23	22.80	10.42	-
					62.80	4.02	23.05	10.32	-
4b	COOC <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	102	85	C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>18</sub> N <sub>4</sub> O <sub>2</sub> S	61.01	5.08	15.81	9.03	-
					60.89	4.86	16.00	8.80	-
4c	CONH <sub>2</sub>	220-2	82	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>15</sub> N <sub>5</sub> OS	59.07	4.61	21.53	9.84	-
					58.82	4.82	21.28	9.62	-
4d	CONHC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	183-5	82	C <sub>22</sub> H <sub>19</sub> N <sub>5</sub> OS	65.83	4.73	17.45	7.98	-
					66.05	5.00	17.60	7.81	-
4e	CONHC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> P	190	80	C <sub>23</sub> H <sub>21</sub> N <sub>5</sub> OS	66.50	5.06	16.86	7.71	-
					66.80	5.00	17.00	7.68	-
4f	CONHC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OCH <sub>3</sub> P	200	84	C <sub>23</sub> H <sub>21</sub> N <sub>5</sub> O <sub>2</sub> S	64.03	4.87	16.24	7.42	-
					63.80	5.00	16.50	7.88	-
4g	CONHC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> ClP	205	86	C <sub>22</sub> H <sub>18</sub> ClN <sub>5</sub> OS	60.62	4.13	16.07	7.34	18.15
					60.82	4.00	15.82	7.50	17.90
4h	CONHC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> COCH <sub>3</sub> P	190	83	C <sub>24</sub> H <sub>21</sub> N <sub>5</sub> O <sub>2</sub> S	65.01	4.74	15.80	7.22	-
					64.83	4.52	16.00	7.40	-
5a	CN	210	85	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>13</sub> N <sub>5</sub> S	62.54	4.23	22.80	10.42	-
					62.68	4.50	23.00	10.50	-
5b	COOC <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	170	90	C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>18</sub> N <sub>4</sub> O <sub>2</sub> S	61.01	5.08	15.81	9.03	-
					60.80	4.82	16.04	8.85	-
5c	CONH <sub>2</sub>	234	88	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>15</sub> N <sub>5</sub> OS	59.07	4.61	21.53	9.84	-
					58.80	4.78	21.70	9.90	-
5d	CONHC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	240	90	C <sub>22</sub> H <sub>19</sub> N <sub>5</sub> OS	65.83	4.73	17.45	7.98	-
					65.60	4.62	17.60	8.15	-
5e	CONHC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> P	270	92	C <sub>23</sub> H <sub>21</sub> N <sub>5</sub> OS	66.50	5.06	16.86	7.71	-
					66.35	4.80	17.15	7.92	-
5f	CONHC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OCH <sub>3</sub> P	275	85	C <sub>23</sub> H <sub>21</sub> N <sub>5</sub> O <sub>2</sub> S	64.03	4.87	16.24	7.42	-
					63.90	5.12	16.05	7.60	-
5g	CONHC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> ClP	307	90	C <sub>22</sub> H <sub>18</sub> ClN <sub>5</sub> OS	60.62	4.13	16.07	7.34	8.15
					60.45	3.85	15.89	7.52	7.95
5h	CONHC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> COCH <sub>3</sub> P	265	88	C <sub>24</sub> H <sub>21</sub> N <sub>5</sub> O <sub>2</sub> S	65.01	4.74	15.80	7.22	-
					65.25	4.68	16.00	7.00	-

TABLE I (Continued)

Compound No.	R	M.P.	Yield	Molecular	Analytical data calcd./found				
		C°	%	formula	C	H	N	S	Cl
6a	H	305	75	C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>13</sub> N <sub>5</sub> OS	54.35	4.52	24.39	11.14	-
					54.52	4.38	24.30	11.00	-
6b	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	275	70	C <sub>23</sub> H <sub>17</sub> N <sub>5</sub> OS	67.15	4.13	17.03	7.78	-
					66.95	4.30	16.85	7.88	-
6c	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> p	> 300	72	C <sub>24</sub> H <sub>19</sub> N <sub>5</sub> OS	67.76	4.47	16.47	7.52	-
					66.00	4.30	16.60	7.60	-
6d	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> Clp	270	75	C <sub>23</sub> H <sub>16</sub> ClN <sub>5</sub> OS	61.95	3.59	15.71	7.18	7.96
					62.10	3.68	15.60	7.00	8.10
6e	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> COCH <sub>3</sub> p	284	78	C <sub>25</sub> H <sub>19</sub> N <sub>5</sub> O <sub>2</sub> S	66.22	4.19	15.45	7.06	-
					66.00	4.05	15.67	6.90	-
7a	H	300	65	C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>15</sub> N <sub>5</sub> OS	61.89	4.29	20.05	9.16	-
					62.00	4.05	19.80	7.50	-
7b	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> p	> 300	67	C <sub>25</sub> H <sub>21</sub> N <sub>5</sub> OS	68.33	4.78	15.94	7.28	-
					68.15	5.00	16.10	7.05	-
8a	H	215	85	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>12</sub> N <sub>6</sub> OS	57.14	3.57	25.00	9.52	-
					56.92	3.64	24.85	9.71	-
8b	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	230	84	C <sub>22</sub> H <sub>16</sub> N <sub>6</sub> OS	64.07	3.88	20.38	7.76	-
					63.88	4.07	20.50	7.80	-
8c	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> Cl	270	80	C <sub>22</sub> H <sub>15</sub> ClN <sub>6</sub> OS	59.12	3.35	18.81	7.16	7.95
					59.00	3.30	19.00	7.00	8.10
8d	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> COCH <sub>3</sub>	284	78	C <sub>24</sub> H <sub>18</sub> N <sub>6</sub> O <sub>2</sub> S	63.43	3.96	18.50	7.04	-
					63.32	4.10	18.68	6.88	-

**2-Substituted mercapto-4,6-dimethyl-5-phenylazopyridine-3-carbonitrile (4a-h).** A mixture of mercaptopyridine (3) (0.01 mole), the appropriate halocompound (0.01 mole) and sodium acetate (0.012 mole) in ethanol (30 ml) was refluxed for one hour. After cooling the solid was collected, washed with water and recrystallized from ethanol. The physical constants and spectral data of compound 4a-h are listed in Table I and Table II.

**3-Amino, 4,6-dimethyl-5-phenylazothieno[2,3-b]pyridine-2-substituted carboxamide (5):** To a sample of compound (4) (1 gm) in ethanol absolute (20 ml), a few drops of sodium ethoxide in ethanol was added and refluxed for 4 hour, after cooling the solid was collected and recrystallized from ethanol. The physical constants and spectral data are listed in Table I and Table II.

**7,9-Dimethyl-5-phenylazo-3-substituted pyrido[3',2':4,5]thieno-[3,2-d]pyrimidin-4(3H)-one (6):** To a mixture of compound (5) (0.005 mole) and triethyl orthoformate (1 ml) in ethanol (20 ml) a few drops of acetic acid was added and refluxed for 4 hours. After cooling the solid was collected and recrystallized from acetic acid. The physical properties and spectral data of compound (6) were listed in Table I and Table II.

TABLE II  
Spectral data of compounds (4–8)

Compound No.	IR	<sup>1</sup> H NMR
4a	$\nu$ 22200, 2215 ( $2C\equiv N$ ).	In DMSO- $d_6$ : $\delta$ 2.5, $\delta$ 2.7(2s, 6H, 2CH <sub>3</sub> ), $\delta$ 4.2 (s, 2H, CH <sub>2</sub> ), $\delta$ 7.3–7.8 (m, 5H, Ar-H).
4b	$\nu$ 22200 $cm^{-1}$ ( $C\equiv N$ ), and 1700 $cm^{-1}$ ( $C=O$ ).	In CDCl <sub>3</sub> : $\delta$ 1.3(t, 3H, CH <sub>3</sub> ), $\delta$ 2.5, $\delta$ 2.7(2s, 6H, 2CH <sub>3</sub> ), $\delta$ 4.1(q, 2H, CH <sub>2</sub> ), $\delta$ 3.9(s, 2H, CH <sub>2</sub> ) and $\delta$ 7.3–7.8(m, 5H, Ar-H).
4c	$\nu$ 3350 $cm^{-1}$ , 3220 $cm^{-1}$ (NH <sub>2</sub> ), 2230 $cm^{-1}$ ( $C\equiv N$ ) and 1670 $cm^{-1}$ ( $C=O$ ).	In DMSO- $d_6$ : $\delta$ 2.5, $\delta$ 2.7(2s, 6H, 2CH <sub>3</sub> ), $\delta$ 3.9 (s, 2H, CH <sub>2</sub> ), $\delta$ 7.3–7.8(m, 5H, Ar-H) and (s, 2H, NH <sub>2</sub> ).
4d	$\nu$ 3460 $cm^{-1}$ (NH); $\nu$ 2230 $cm^{-1}$ ( $C\equiv N$ ), and $\nu$ 1640 $cm^{-1}$ ( $C=O$ ).	In DMSO- $d_6$ : $\delta$ 2.55, $\delta$ 2.75(2s, 6H, 2CH <sub>3</sub> ), $\delta$ 3.95 (s, 2H, CH <sub>2</sub> ), $\delta$ 7.3–8.5(m, 10H, Ar-H) and 11.3(s, 1H, NH).
4e	$\nu$ 3360 $cm^{-1}$ (NH), $\nu$ 2230 $cm^{-1}$ ( $C\equiv N$ ), and $\nu$ 1650 $cm^{-1}$ ( $C=O$ ).	In CF <sub>3</sub> COOH: $\delta$ 2.5, $\delta$ 2.7, $\delta$ 3.3(3s, 9H, 3CH <sub>3</sub> ), $\delta$ 3.8(s, 2H, CH <sub>2</sub> ), $\delta$ 7.4–8.5(m, 9H, Ar-H) and $\delta$ 9.8(s, 1H, NH).
4f	$\nu$ 3260 $cm^{-1}$ (NH), $\nu$ 2220 $cm^{-1}$ and 1670 $cm^{-1}$ ( $C=O$ )	In DMSO- $d_6$ : $\delta$ 2.5, 2.7, 3.3(3s, 9H, 3CH <sub>3</sub> ), $\delta$ 3.9(s, 2H, CH <sub>2</sub> ), $\delta$ 7.4–8.5(m, 9H, Ar-H), and 11.3(s, 1H, NH).
4g	$\nu$ 3360 $cm^{-1}$ (NH), $\nu$ 2230 $cm^{-1}$ ( $C\equiv N$ ), $\nu$ 1670 $cm^{-1}$ ( $C=O$ ).	In DMSO- $d_6$ : $\delta$ 2.5, $\delta$ 2.75(2s, 6H, 2CH <sub>3</sub> ), $\delta$ 3.9 (s, 2H, CH <sub>2</sub> ), $\delta$ 7.5–8.5(m, 9H, Ar-H), $\delta$ 10.5 (s, 1H, NH).
4h	$\nu$ 3300 $cm^{-1}$ (NH), $\nu$ 2220 $cm^{-1}$ ( $C\equiv N$ ), $\nu$ 1700–1640 $cm^{-1}$ ( $2C=O$ ).	In DMSO- $d_6$ : $\delta$ 2.5, 2.7, $\delta$ 3.5(3s, 9H, 3CH <sub>3</sub> ), $\delta$ 3.9 (s, 2H, CH <sub>2</sub> ), $\delta$ 7.4–8.6(m, 9H, Ar-H), $\delta$ 11.3 (s, 1H, NH).
5a	$\nu$ 3320–3200 $cm^{-1}$ (NH <sub>2</sub> ), 2220 $cm^{-1}$ ( $C\equiv N$ ).	In DMSO- $d_6$ : $\delta$ 2.5, 2.7(2s, 6H, 2CH <sub>3</sub> ), $\delta$ 7.2 (s, 2H, NH <sub>2</sub> ), $\delta$ 7.5–8.3(m, 5H, Ar-H).
5b	$\nu$ 3450, 3360 $cm^{-1}$ (NH <sub>2</sub> ), 1660 $cm^{-1}$ ( $C=O$ ).	1.3(t, 3H, CH <sub>3</sub> ), $\delta$ 2.5, $\delta$ 2.7(2s, 6H, 2CH <sub>3</sub> ), $\delta$ 4.00(q, 2H, CH <sub>2</sub> ), $\delta$ 7.1(s, 2H, NH <sub>2</sub> ), $\delta$ 7.3–8.2(m, 5H, Ar-H).
5c	$\nu$ 3500–3200 $cm^{-1}$ (2NH <sub>2</sub> ), 1650 $cm^{-1}$ ( $C=O$ ).	In CF <sub>3</sub> COOH: $\delta$ 2.5, $\delta$ 2.7(2s, 6H, 2CH <sub>3</sub> ), $\delta$ 7.3–8.0 (m, 5H, Ar-H).
5d	$\nu$ 3450–3340 $cm^{-1}$ (NH, NH <sub>2</sub> ), 1650 ( $C=O$ ).	In CF <sub>3</sub> COOH: $\delta$ 2.5, $\delta$ 2.7(2s, 6H, 2CH <sub>3</sub> ), $\delta$ 7.4–8.5 (m, 10H, Ar-H), 9.6(s, 1H, NH).
5e	$\nu$ 3470–3250 $cm^{-1}$ (NH, NH <sub>2</sub> ), 1650 $cm^{-1}$ ( $C=O$ ).	In CF <sub>3</sub> COOH: $\delta$ 2.5, 2.75, 3.2(2s, 9H, 3CH <sub>3</sub> ), $\delta$ 7.3–8.6(m, 9H, Ar-H).
5f	$\nu$ 3450–3250 $cm^{-1}$ (NH, NH <sub>2</sub> ), 1650 $cm^{-1}$ ( $C=O$ ).	In DMSO- $d_6$ : $\delta$ 2.5, $\delta$ 2.7, $\delta$ 3.3(3s, 9H, 3CH <sub>3</sub> ), $\delta$ 7.1(s, 2H, NH <sub>2</sub> ), $\delta$ 7.4–8.5(m, 9H, Ar-H), $\delta$ 11.3 (s, 1H, NH).

TABLE II (Continued)

Compound No.	IR	$^1\text{H}$ NMR
5g	$\nu 3480\text{--}3300\text{ cm}^{-1}$ (NH, $\text{NH}_2$ ), $1650\text{ cm}^{-1}$ (C=O).	In DMSO- $d_6$ : $\delta 2.5$ , $\delta 2.7$ (2s, 6H, $2\text{CH}_3$ ), $\delta 7.1$ (s, 2H, $\text{NH}_2$ ), $\delta 7.4\text{--}8.6$ (m, 9H, Ar-H), and $\delta 11.3$ (s, 1H, NH).
5h	$\nu 3500\text{--}3300\text{ cm}^{-1}$ (NH, $\text{NH}_2$ ), $1690\text{--}1640\text{ cm}^{-1}$ (2C=O).	In $\text{CF}_3\text{COOH}$ : $\delta 2.5$ , $\delta 2.7$ , $\delta 3.3$ (3s, 9H, $3\text{CH}_3$ ), $\delta 7.3\text{--}8.6$ (m, 9H, Ar-H).
6a	$\nu 3350\text{ cm}^{-1}$ (NH), $\nu 1670\text{ cm}^{-1}$ (C=O).	In $\text{CF}_3\text{COOH}$ : $\delta 2.5$ , $\delta 2.75$ (2s, 6H, $2\text{CH}_3$ ), $\delta 7.4\text{--}7.9$ (m, 5H, Ar-H), $\delta 8.9$ (s, 1H, CH).
6b	$\nu 1680\text{ cm}^{-1}$ (C=O).	In $\text{CF}_3\text{COOH}$ : $\delta 2.5$ , $\delta 2.8$ (2s, 6H, $2\text{CH}_3$ ), $\delta 7.4\text{--}8.5$ (m, 10H, Ar-H) and $\delta 8.9$ (s, 1H, CH pyrimidine).
6c	$\nu 1680\text{ cm}^{-1}$ (C=O).	In $\text{CF}_3\text{COOH}$ : $\delta 2.5$ , $\delta 2.7$ , $\delta 3.3$ (3s, 9H, $3\text{CH}_3$ ), $\delta 7.35\text{--}8.5$ (m, 9H, Ar-H) and $\delta 8.85$ (s, 1H, CH pyrimidine).
6d	$\nu 1680\text{ cm}^{-1}$ (C=O).	In $\text{CF}_3\text{COOH}$ : $\delta 2.5$ , $\delta 2.8$ (2s, 6H, $2\text{CH}_3$ ), $\delta 7.3\text{--}8.5$ (m, 9H, Ar-H) and $\delta 8.9$ (s, 1H, CH pyrimidine).
6e	$\nu 1700\text{--}1660\text{ cm}^{-1}$ (2C=O).	In $\text{CF}_3\text{COOH}$ : $\delta 2.5$ , $\delta 2.7$ , $\delta 3.4$ (3s, 9H, $3\text{CH}_3$ ), $\delta 7.3\text{--}8.5$ (m, 9H, Ar-H), $\delta 8.9$ (s, 1H, CH pyrimidine).
7a	$\nu 3350\text{ cm}^{-1}$ (NH), $1680\text{ cm}^{-1}$ (C=O).	In $\text{CF}_3\text{COOH}$ : $\delta 2.5$ , $\delta 2.75$ , $\delta 3.2$ (3s, 9H, $3\text{CH}_3$ ), $\delta 7.3\text{--}7.9$ (m, 5H, Ar-H).
7b	$\nu 1680\text{ cm}^{-1}$ (C=O).	In $\text{CF}_3\text{COOH}$ : $\delta 2.5$ , $\delta 2.7$ , $\delta 3.3$ , $\delta 3.4$ (4s, 12H, $4\text{CH}_3$ ), $\delta 7.3\text{--}8.5$ (m, 9H, Ar-H).
8a	$\nu 3250\text{ cm}^{-1}$ (NH), $\nu 1670\text{ cm}^{-1}$ (C=O).	In DMSO- $d_6$ : $\delta 2.5$ , $\delta 2.7$ (2s, 6H, $2\text{CH}_3$ ), $\delta 7.3\text{--}7.9$ (m, 5H, Ar-H), $\delta 11.3$ (s, 1H, NH).
8b	$\nu 1680\text{ cm}^{-1}$ (C=O).	In DMSO- $d_6$ : $\delta 2.5$ , $\delta 2.7$ (2s, 6H, $2\text{CH}_3$ ), $\delta 7.3\text{--}8.5$ (m, 10H, Ar-H).
8c	$\nu 1680\text{ cm}^{-1}$ (C=O).	In DMSO- $d_6$ : $\delta 2.5$ , $\delta 2.7$ (2s, 6H, $2\text{CH}_3$ ), $\delta 7.3\text{--}8.5$ (m, 9H, Ar-H).
8d	$\nu 1680\text{--}1650\text{ cm}^{-1}$ (2C=O).	In DMSO- $d_6$ : $\delta 2.5$ , $\delta 2.7$ , $\delta 3.3$ (3s, 9H, $3\text{CH}_3$ ) and $\delta 7.3\text{--}8.5$ (Ar-H).

*2,7,9-Trimethyl-8-phenylazo-3-substituted pyrido[3',2':4,5]thieno[3,2-d]pyrimidin-4-one (7):*

*General procedure:* A sample of compound (5) (0.5 gm) in acetic anhydride (5 ml) was refluxed for 5 hours. After cooling the solid was collected and recrystallized from acetic acid. The physical constants and spectral data of compound 7 are listed in Table I and Table II.



**7,9-Dimethyl-8-phenylazo-3-substituted pyrido[3',2':4,5]thieno-[2,3-d]-triazin-4-one (8):**

**General procedure:** To a cold suspension of compound (5) (0.005 mole) in acetic acid (20 ml) a sodium nitrite solution ( $\frac{1}{2}$  gm. in 2 ml  $H_2O$ ) was added dropwise with stirring. The stirring was continued for  $\frac{1}{2}$  hour and let stand for one hour. The precipitate was collected and recrystallized from ethanol. The physical constants and spectral data for compound (8) were listed in Table I and Table II.

**7,9-Dimethyl-8-phenylazo-2-thiopyrido[3',2':4,5]thieno[2,3-d]-pyrimidin-2,4(1H,3H)dione (9):** A mixture of compound 5c (1.00 gm) and carbon disulphide (2 ml) in pyridine (10 ml) was refluxed for 10 hours. After cooling the solid was collected and recrystallized from dioxane to give yellow crystals in 60% yield, m.p. > 300.

Anal. Calcd. for:  $C_{17}H_{13}N_5OS$ : C, 60.89; H, 3.88; N, 20.89; S, 9.55%

Found: C, 61.10; H, 4.04; N, 20.78; S, 9.42%.

IR:  $\nu_{3450}, \nu_{3250} \text{ cm}^{-1}$  (2NH),  $\nu_{1650} \text{ cm}^{-1}$  (C=O).

$^1H$  NMR in  $CF_3COOH$ :  $\delta$ 2.5, 2.7 (2s, 6H,  $2CH_3$ ),  $\delta$ 7.3–7.9 (m, 5H, Ar—H).

**(7,9-Dimethyl or 2,7,9-trimethyl)-4-chloro-8-phenylazopyrido[3',2':4,5]thienopyrimidine (10a,b):**

**General procedure:** A sample of compound 6a or 7a (0.5 gm) in phosphorus oxychloride (5 ml) was refluxed for 2 hours. After cooling the reaction mixture was poured into an ice/water mixture. The solid was filtered off and recrystallized from ethanol as buff crystals.

**10a:** Produced 85% yield, m.p. 170°C.

Anal. Calcd. for:  $C_{17}H_{12}ClN_5S$ : C, 57.70; H, 3.39; N, 19.80; S, 9.05; Cl, 10.04%

Found: C, 57.80; H, 3.50; N, 19.66; S, 8.85; Cl, 9.85%.

IR: showed the disappearance of band characteristic for (C=O).

$^1H$  NMR in  $DMSO-d_6$ :  $\delta$ 2.5,  $\delta$ 2.7 (2s, 6H,  $2CH_3$ ),  $\delta$ 7.3–7.9 (m, 5H, Ar—H), and  $\delta$ 8.8 (s, 1H, CH-pyrimidine).

**10b:** Produced in 86% yield, m.p. 178°C.

Anal. Calcd. for:  $C_{18}H_{14}ClN_5S$ : C, 58.77; H, 3.80; Cl, 9.65; N, 19.04; S, 8.70%

Found: C, 59.00; H, 4.04; Cl, 9.48; N, 18.86; S, 8.54%.

IR showed the disappearance of band characteristic for (C=O).

$^1H$  NMR in  $DMSO-d_6$ :  $\delta$ 2.5,  $\delta$ 2.7,  $\delta$ 3.2 (3s, 9H,  $3CH_3$ ),  $\delta$ 7.3–7.9 (m, 5H, Ar—H).

**(7,9-Dimethyl or 2,7,9-trimethyl)-8-phenylazopyrido[3',2':4,5]-thienopyrimidin-4-thione (11a,b):**

**General procedure:** A mixture of compound 10a or 10b (0.001 mole) and thiourea (0.005 mole) in ethanol (20 ml) was refluxed for 2 hours or until the thiourenium salt has precipitated. Then the reaction mixture was cooled, sodium hydroxide solution 20 ml (10%) was added and the mixture was warmed for 5 minutes. After acidification with hydrochloric acid the precipitate was collected and recrystallized from dioxane to give yellow crystals.

**11a:** Produced in 82% yield, m.p. > 300°C.

Anal. Calcd. for:  $C_{17}H_{13}N_5S_2$ : C, 58.11; H, 3.70; N, 19.94; S, 9.11%

Found: C, 57.90; H, 3.95; N, 20.15; S, 8.88%.

IR:  $\nu_{3350} \text{ cm}^{-1}$  (NH), and  $1450 \text{ cm}^{-1}$  (C=S).  $^1H$  NMR in  $CF_3COOH$ :  $\delta$ 2.5,  $\delta$ 2.7 (2s, 6H,  $2CH_3$ ),  $\delta$ 7.3–8.0 (m, 5H, Ar—H), and  $\delta$ 8.9 (s, 1H, CH pyrimidine).

**11b** Produced in 86% yield, m.p. > 300°C.

Anal. Calcd. for:  $C_{18}H_{15}N_5S_2$ : C, 59.17; H, 4.10; N, 19.17; S, 8.76%

Found: C, 59.00; H, 3.90; N, 18.95; S, 9.00%.

IR:  $\nu_{3300} \text{ cm}^{-1}$  (NH), and  $1450 \text{ cm}^{-1}$  (C=S).  $^1H$  NMR in  $CF_3COOH$ :  $\delta$ 2.5,  $\delta$ 2.7,  $\delta$ 3.2 (3s, 9H,  $3CH_3$ ), and 7.3–8.0 (m, 5H, Ar—H).

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